

Plant Name	Scientific	Common	Family	Date Reviewed 03/24/20
Monardella macrantha 'Marian Sampson'		Coyote hummingbird mint	Lamiaceae	
Propagation Method		Native to		
Cuttings		California. Middle elevation bands in open Ponderosa and Jeffery pine habitat.		
Treatments (Suggested procedures)				
This plant is easily rooted from tip cuttings. Make 1 - 2 inch cuttings and dip basal end into rooting compound of your choice. I use wood's at 1:10 or hormodin 1. Cuttings should be stuck in a very free draining mix and placed under intermittent mist for the first week. Plants can then be weened off of the mist and allowed to root.				
Collection Timing and Strategies				
The best cuttings are from non-flowering stems. This plant blooms prolificly, the challenge can be to find non-flowering stems. Plants flush with vegetative growth more consistently during the spring after breaking dormancy in April-May.				
Cultural Information				
Greenhouse conditions				
Plants will break dormancy earlier in the greenhouse and cuttings can be harvested earlier. If kept in heated greenhouses plants will grow and produce shoots throughout the winter.				
Garden conditions				
Plants are very adaptable but perform best when given a little dappled shade in the heat of the afternoon. Some chlorosis has been reported on plants in gardens.				
Other Expert Advice				
This plant comes from near Tehachapi on the dry side of the Sierra complex.				

